Bridge Accessories



no. 20 (gb) 02/99

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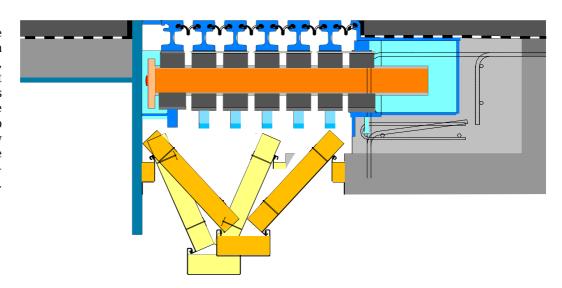
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Noise Protection Devices for Expansion Joints

In order to reduce noise emission below a joint, most efficient counteraction is to close the structural gap from below by means of noise absorbing insulation material.



In crossing an expansion joint of whatever design type, more or less perceivable impact like noise emissions are created. Generally, we have to distinguish between noise emission at the surface of the carriageaway, that is above the joint, and noise emission in the structural gap that is created from below a joint. Particularly the noise emission directed downward is of embarrassing nature, because range of applications (see pages 5 - 7 and patent very often underneath a bridge the public does not perceive the basic noise emission which is created by passing vehicles.

The devices that have been developed to reduce noise emission have to be able to accomodate the movement of the superstructure, and for maintenance purposes also must be removable. MAURER SÖHNE has developed and patented various solutions for a DE 19725116A1).





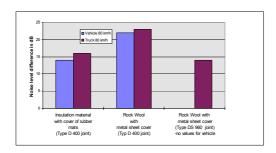


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Noise Protection Devices for Expansion Joints

For insulation purposes underneath a joint, the solution that is considered to be the best one is to close the structural gap with rock wool.

The following diagram shows the measured differences in noise emission taken directly underneath an expansion joint in comparison to a non-insulated joint.



System A is being used with the simultaneous installation of an expansion joint at a structure (i.e. no retrofit), when the joint is accessible from below in case of more than 2 sealing elements. Via the horizontal element, the system can be adapted to the width of the structural gap. The length of the skew elements will be adapted to the movement range of the expansion joint. At the edges of the structural gap Readily mounted noise protection device (System A) simple anchor elements shall be fixed. An den Bauwerksrändern werden in einfacher Weise Verankerungselemente befestigt. The adaptability to the gap opening is guaranteed by means of hinges.

For inspection purposes, the noise protection device can be dismounted in a very simple manner, without losening any fixing elements. The length of the individual elements is limited by their weight.



So called "Scissor Control" of a joint, to be covered by a partially mounted folding system.





Detail of a connection to the abutment wall





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System A can be considered as standard solution. This system can be specified as follows (following German specification standard):

.. m Install noise protection devices for expansion joints of type MAURER (System A) or similar, according to the respective structural and constructive requirements

The noise protection device shall consist of noise absorbing rock wool plates, Konstruktion bestehend aus thickness ≥ 8 cm, density ≥ 50 kg/m³ and noise reflecting steel plate that is located below, thickness ≥ 2 mm, stainless steel-Nr. 1.4301.

The noise protection has to be placed directly underneath the expansion joint over the total length of the joint. The dimensions of the maintenance room has to be considered according to WAS 6

A direct noise trespassing has to be avoided. Vertical openings are not permissible. In case of horizontal openings (e.g., in case of 2 sided cantilevered noise protection devices) the distance must not exceed 10mm, and in the same time the overlap of the 2 insulation mats must be a mimimum of 10mm. Eventually protruding surface water or condensed water must be able to be drained at the lowest point.

Noise protection must be safeguarded in all opening stages of the expansion joint. All parts icluding the fixing elements must be covered with noise absorbing material. In order to prevent noise due to rattling, all moving parts shall be supported by plastic elements. Steel hinges are not permissible. The noise protection elements have to be dismounted in a simple manner. The noise reducing effect must also be granted at the butt connections of the individual elements.

The noise reducing effect must be proven by means of a standardised reference test. Directly underneath the noise protesction device, this effect must be at least 15 dB (A) [truck passing at 80 km/h]. Test results of already executed projects are permissible to be used for the judgement of suitability.

System B is developed for expansion joints with 2 sealing elements. The installation shall be carried out simultaneously with the installation of the joint, or in case of accessibility from below also as secondary installation (retrofits).

By means of the excentric center of gravity, the insulation element slides up and down at the edge of the structure, thus adapting to the opening of the structural gap.

System C caters to the most complicate condition which is the installation from above, that is when the structural gap is inaccessible from below. Thus system C is suited for retrofits.

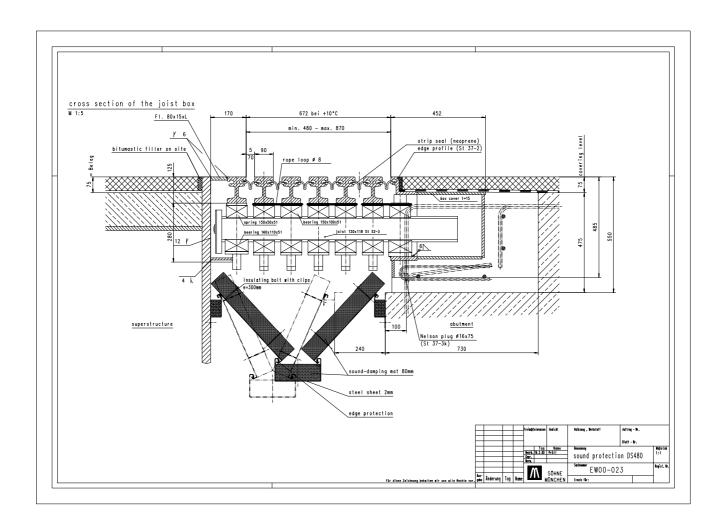




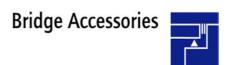
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Noise Protection Devices for Expansion Joints (system A)

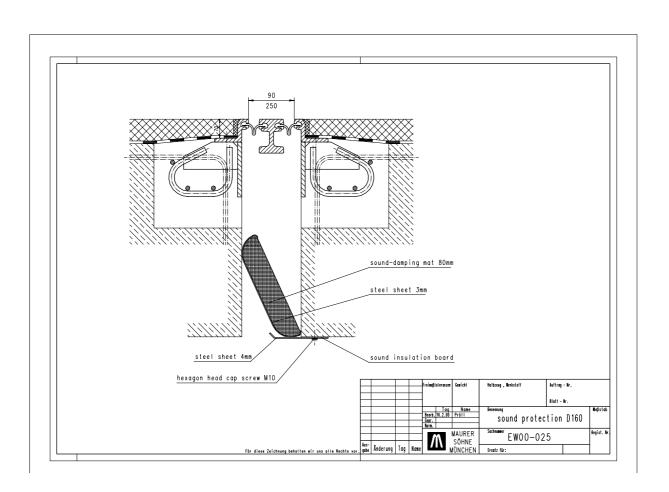






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Noise Protection Devices for Expansion Joints (system B)

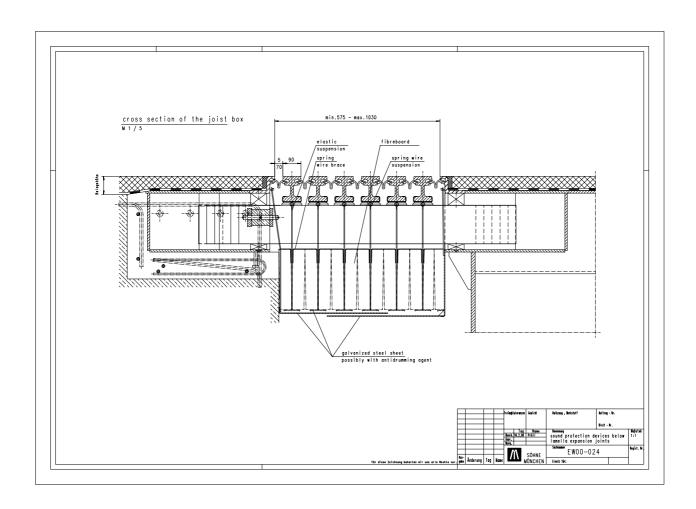






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Noise Protection Devices for Expansion Joints (system C)





Noise Protection Devices for Expansion Joints

REFERENCE LIST (PROJECTS IN GERMANY)

Bridge	Job Owner	Expansion Joint- C / U *) Type
BW 96/359,	Autobahn-Betriebsamt Heidenheim,	DS 960 C
Talbrücke Obere Argen	BL Wangen	
BW 357-1,	ABA Nürnberg	DS 800 C
Talbrücke Schnaittach	, and the second	DS 1120
BW 292,	ABA Nürnberg	DS 800 C
Talbrücke Lanzendorf	G	
BW 22,	SBA Ellwangen	D 320 C
Kochertalbrücke	G	D 400
BW 6,	SBA Schorndorf	Scissor joint (8 U
Schornbachtalbrücke		seals)
Havelbrücke Werder	ABA Brandenburg	DS 480 C
(linke + rechte RFB)	<u> </u>	
BW 123-2,	ABA Nürnberg	D 400 C
Talbrücke Röslau	G	
Talbrücke "In der Grund"	WSBA Bielefeld	D 240 C
(Egge-Übergang)		
BW 271, A9 München - Berlin	ABA Nürnberg	D 400 C
Talbrücke Münchberg	, and the second	D 480
BW 322-2, BAB A9	ABA Nürnberg	D 560 C
Talbrücke Trockau,	G	
Talbrücke Bischmisheim	LfS Neunkirchen	D 180 U
		D 240 B
В 10,	SBA Schorndorf	DS 720 U
Stahlbrücke Stuttgart-Zuffenhausen		
BAB A93	ABD Nürnberg	D 160 C
Los 25, BW 165-2	C	D 240
BAB A 93 Hof-Regensburg	ABD Nürnberg	D 240 C
BW 159-1 südl. Regnitz	S	
BW 30 and BW 31	ABA Brandenburg	D 80 B-Ü C
A 10		D 160

*) C = Complete set (new project) U = Upgrade (for existing bridge)

